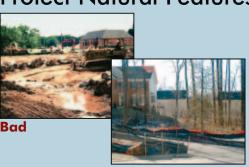
Stormwater and the Construction Industry



Protect Natural Features



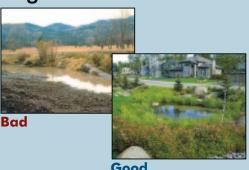
- · Minimize clearing.
- · Minimize the amount of exposed soil.
- Identify and protect areas where existing vegetation, such as trees, will not be disturbed by construction activity.
- · Protect streams, stream buffers, wild woodlands, wetlands, or other sensitive areas from any disturbance or construction activity by fencing or otherwise clearly marking these areas.

Construction Phasing



- Sequence construction activities so that the soil is not exposed for long periods of time.
- · Schedule or limit grading to small areas.
- Install key sediment control practices before site grading
- Schedule site stabilization activities, such as landscaping, to be completed immediately after the land has been graded to its final contour.

Vegetative Buffers





- · Protect and install vegetative buffers along waterbodies to slow and filter stormwater runoff.
- · Maintain buffers by mowing or replanting periodically to ensure their effectiveness.

Silt Fencing



Good

- Inspect and maintain silt fences after each rainstorm.
- Make sure the bottom of the silt fence is buried in the ground.
- · Securely attach the material to the stakes.
- Don't place silt fences in the middle of a waterway or use them as
- Make sure stormwater is not flowing around the silt fence.

Maintain your BMPs!

www.epa.gov/npdes/menuofbmps



Site Stabilization



Good

· Vegetate, mulch, or otherwise stabilize all exposed areas as soon as land alterations have been completed.

Construction Entrances



- Remove mud and dirt from the tires of construction vehicles before they enter a paved roadway.
- Properly size entrance BMPs for all anticipated vehicles.
- Make sure that the construction entrance does not become

Slopes



- · Break up long slopes with sediment barriers, or under drain, or divert stormwater away from slopes

Dirt Stockpiles



· Cover or seed all dirt stockpiles.

Storm Drain Inlet Protection



- Use rock or other appropriate material to cover the storm drain inlet to filter out trash and debris.
- Make sure the rock size is appropriate (usually) 1 to 2 inches in diameter).
- If you use inlet filters, maintain them regularly.

